

TIM 80C Lec. 13 May 16, 2017

(1) Cash Flow Analysis

(2) Team meetings

# (1) Cash Flow Analysis

Before we can create a Financial Strategy for the start-up we need to understand the flow of cash into and out of the business.

## 5-Step Process for cash flow analysis

- (1) Make a list of all the relevant cash flows of the Startup.

Cash flows in:

• NOT Funding

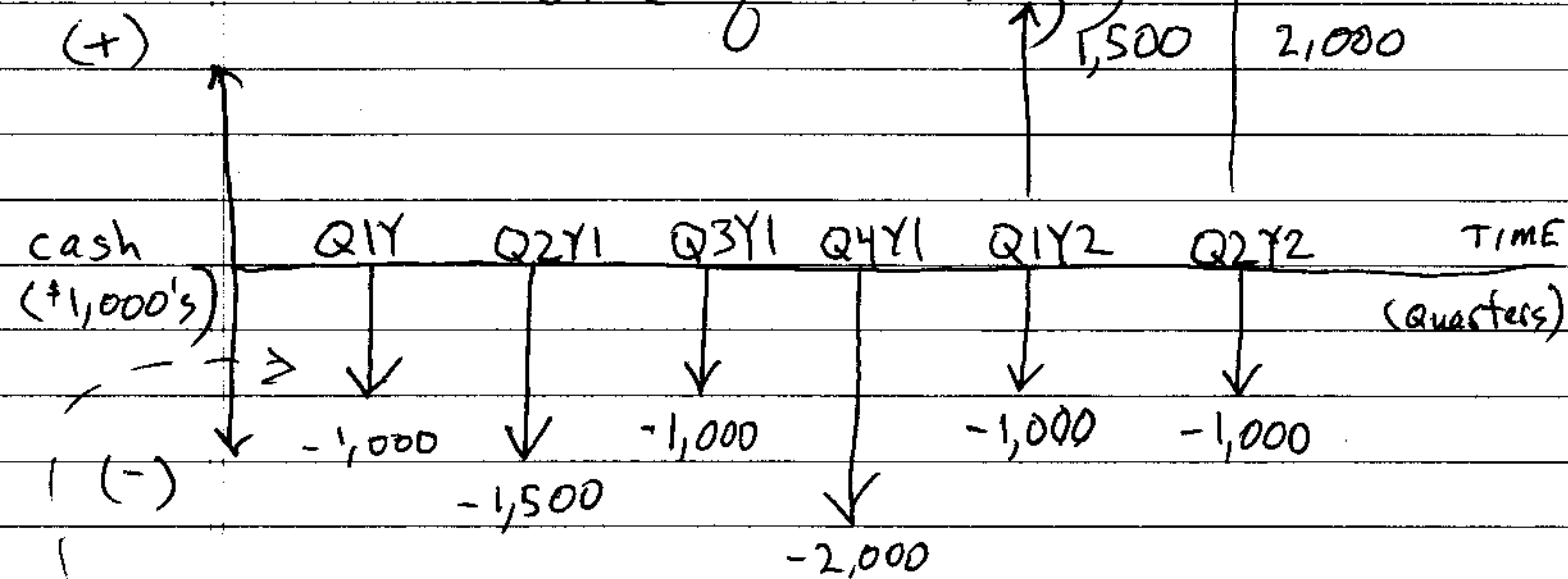
- revenue from selling the product
- licensing revenue from patents
- contract work for other companies (e.g., product development)

Cash flows out:

- people: managers, product developers, marketing, sales team, others
- equipment: computers, lab equipment

materials  
 • facilities: building, office supplies,  
 food, insurance

Step 2 Determine the timing of  
 the cash flows (typically  
 done quarterly)

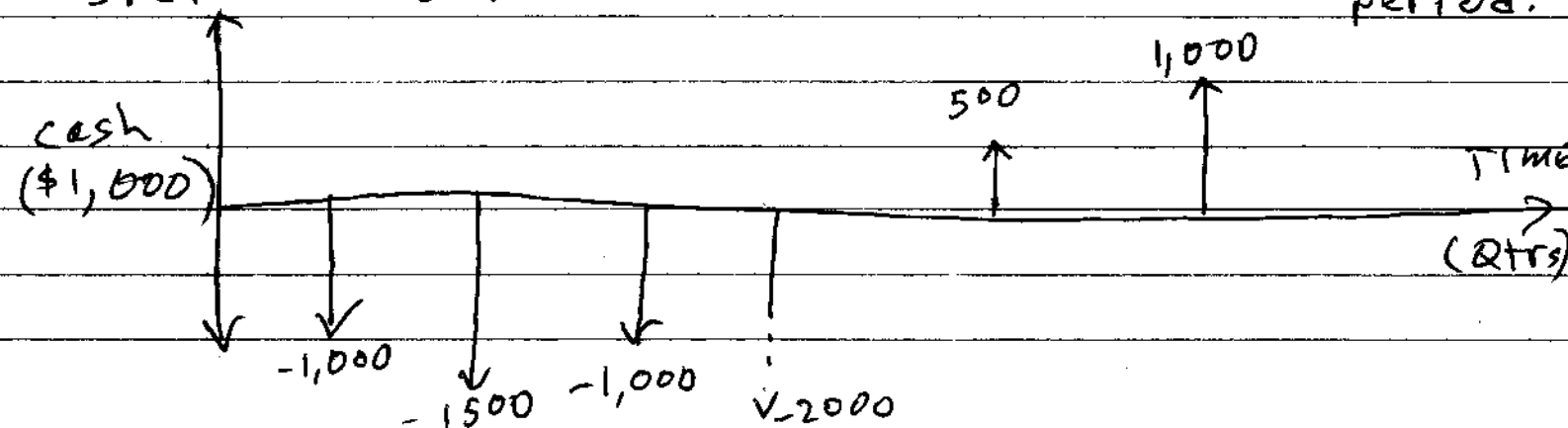


- Facilities ... renting & furnishing  
 an office ... \$200k

People ... hire a product  
 development team: \$500k

Equipment ... servers \$100k

STEP 3: Determine the Net Cash Flow for each  
 period.



Step 4: Compute the present value of the net cash flow for each period

money loses value over time due to inflation:  $\$1_{2016} > \$1_{2017}$

We need to discount the future value of the cash flow in order to get its present value

$FV$   $\equiv$  future value

$PV$   $\equiv$  present value

$d$   $\equiv$  discount rate (rate of inflation)

$n$   $\equiv$  number of periods that the  $FV$  is in the future

$$PV = \frac{FV}{(1+d)^n}$$

in the present,  $n=0$ , so  $PV = FV$

$$\rightarrow FV = PV(1+d)^n \rightarrow \text{(just like a bank account)}$$

Example:

A venture capital firm has promised you they will invest \$1 million, but the investment will be in 3 years.

How much is the investment worth in today's dollars?

$$FV = \$1m$$

$$n = 3$$

$$d = 10\% \text{ per year}$$

$$PV = \frac{\$1m}{(1+0.1)^3} \approx \$750K$$

What if the investment will be made in 3 quarters?

adjust  $d$  from years to quarters

$$d = \frac{10\%}{yr} \times \frac{1yr}{4qtrs} = \frac{2.5\%}{qtr}$$

$$PV = \frac{\$1m}{(1+0.025)^3} \approx \$940K$$

## Example #2

Based on your cash flow analysis, you promise the venture capitalist a \$3m return on their \$1m investment in 3 years.

Q: How much is that return actually worth?

$$FV = \$3m \quad d = 10\% \quad n = 3 \text{ yrs}$$

$$PV = \frac{\$3m}{(1+0.1)^3} \approx \$2.25m$$

compare return on investment: ROI

$$\Delta = \frac{\text{return} - \text{investment}}{\text{investment}}$$

without discounting

$$\frac{\$3m - \$1m}{\$1m} = 2 \text{ or } 200\% \text{ ROI}$$

with discounting

$$\frac{\$2.25m - \$1m}{\$1m} = 1.25 \text{ or } 125\% \text{ ROI}$$